



THE
NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1873.

Telegraph Regulations.

(L.S.) JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The New Zealand Post Office Act, 1858," it is, among other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time, by Proclamation to be published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to fix, alter, and abolish the rates of postage at any time payable within the Colony for the transmission of letters by post either between places within New Zealand, or to or from places beyond seas, as therein provided; and by the said Act it is also enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to make rules and regulations for the managing of the several Post Offices for the receiving, conveying, or delivering of letters as therein mentioned, and any such rules and regulations at any time in force to alter, vary, or revoke: And whereas it is expedient that regulations should be made whereby telegraphic messages originating in the Colony of Victoria should be transmitted through the Post Office in this Colony, without prepayment of postage, as hereinafter mentioned:

Now therefore, I, Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said Act, and of every power and authority enabling me in that behalf, and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Colony, do hereby order, proclaim, and declare that the regulations set forth in the Schedule hereto shall, from and after the tenth day of October instant, be in force within the Colony of New Zealand for the purposes therein particularly set forth.

SCHEDULE.

1. Telegraphic messages originating in the Colony of Victoria may be transmitted by post as letters for delivery in New Zealand, without any payment for postage; and letters addressed to any officer of the Telegraph Department in charge of the Telegraph Office at any port or place in the Colony of New Zealand, containing any such telegraphic messages for transmission, with no writing other than the necessary directions for transmission, may be transmitted free of postage.

2. Every such message or letter shall bear, on the outside of the cover above the address, the words "Telegraphic Message only," and shall be posted to its place of destination by the officer in charge of the Telegraph Department by whom it shall be received; and every such officer shall, immediately before posting such letter, subscribe his usual signature across the face of the cover of such letter or telegraphic message.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

JULIUS VOGEL.

Approved in Council.

FORSTER GORING,
 Clerk of the Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Dissolution of Provincial Council.

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an Act of the Imperial Parliament, passed in the fifteenth and sixteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 72, intituled "An Act to grant a Representative Constitution to the Colony of New Zealand," the several Provinces of Auckland, New Plymouth, Wellington, Nelson, Canterbury, and Otago, are thereby established, and it is enacted that for each of the said Provinces there shall be a Superintendent and Provincial Council:

And whereas by the said Act it is further enacted that every Provincial Council shall continue for the period of four years from the day of return of the writs for choosing the same, and no longer: Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Governor of New Zealand, by Proclamation or otherwise, to dissolve the same whenever he shall think it expedient so to do:

Now therefore, I, Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do, by this Proclamation, dissolve the Provincial Council of the said Province of Nelson accordingly.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this eleventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

DANIEL POLLEN.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

West Wanganui Gold Field.

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Gold Fields Act, 1866," it is, among other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time to constitute and appoint any portion of the Colony to be a gold field under the provisions of the said Act, and the limits of such gold field from time to time to alter as occasion shall require; and also, if he shall see fit, to revoke the Proclamation by which such gold field shall have been constituted: And whereas by "The Gold Fields Act Amendment Act, 1868," it is also enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, if and whenever he shall have by lease, agreement, or otherwise, by consent of the Native owners of any land over which the Native title has been extinguished, or the Native owners of any land over which the Native title has not been extinguished, obtained power from such Native or other owners to authorize entry on such lands for mining for gold, by Proclamation issued under the third section of the said Act, to include such land within any gold field, or to proclaim such land a gold field; and whenever any land over which the Native title has or has not been extinguished shall have been so proclaimed by the Governor within a gold field or to be a gold field, the same shall be subject to the provisions of the said Act and the said Amendment Act, except where otherwise specially provided herein, and shall be deemed to be Crown lands within the meaning and for the purposes of the said Act: And whereas the consent of the Native owners of the land described in the Schedule hereto, authorizing entry thereon for the purpose of mining, has been obtained by the Governor as required by the lastly in part recited Act, and it is expedient that the said land should be proclaimed to be a gold field as and in manner hereinafter provided:

Now therefore, I, Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the hereinbefore in part recited Acts, do hereby proclaim the tract of land described in the Schedule hereto as and to be a Gold Field under and subject to the provisions of the said Acts, and to be called and known by the name of

THE WEST WANGANUI GOLD FIELD.

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES OF NATIVE LAND AT WEST WANGANUI TO BE PROCLAIMED A GOLD FIELD.

ALL that parcel of land bounded as follows:—Com-

mencing at the mouth of the West Wanganui Inlet; thence by the shore of the said inlet to the mouth of the Manga-manga-rakau Creek; thence following the Manga-manga-rakau Creek to its source; thence by a line to the summit of the watershed of the Whakamarama Range; thence by lines from peak to peak along the summit of the said range to the Iwituaroa Range; thence by lines from peak to peak along the summit of that range to Kahurangi Point; and thence by the sea coast to the mouth of the West Wanganui Inlet, the commencing point.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony at Wellington, this fourteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

DANIEL POLLEN.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Portion of District of Waiapu withdrawn from the operation of "The Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act, 1870."

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act, 1870," it is enacted that the Governor in Council may, by Proclamation in that behalf, from time to time define districts and bring the same under the operation of the said Act, and may at any time, and from time to time thereafter, alter the boundaries of such districts, or withdraw any district, or any part of any district, from the operation of the said Act; and also that no part of any town or city shall be brought under the operation of the said Act, and also that no district shall be defined or brought under the operation of the said Act, unless at least two-thirds of the inhabitants of such districts are persons of the Native race: And whereas by a Proclamation duly made and issued, bearing date the twenty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, the Governor in Council, in pursuance and exercise of the said recited power and authority, did define the District of Waiapu, hereinafter mentioned (with other districts), as the said districts were described in the Schedule thereto, and did bring the same under the operation of the said Act: And whereas it is expedient to withdraw a portion of the said District of Waiapu from the operation of the said Act:

Now, therefore, His Excellency Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of New Zealand, in exercise and pursuance of the power and authority vested in him by the said Act, and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby withdraw all that portion of the said District of Waiapu mentioned in the Schedule hereto from the operation of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that portion of the District of Waiapu, commencing at Maungahaumi; thence to the source of the Waimata River; thence to the mouth of the said river at Turanganui; thence along the sea coast to Paretu; thence following the south-western

boundary of the said district to the confluence of the Waiau and Waikaretakeke Rivers; thence along the south-eastern boundary of the Opotiki District to Maungahaumi.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this fifteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

DONALD MCLEAN.

Approved in Council.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Tariff of Telegraph Charges.

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of October, 1873.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Electric Telegraph Act, 1865," the Governor of New Zealand is empowered to establish lines of electric telegraph, and to purchase any lines of electric telegraph then existing: And whereas by the said Act it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Order in Council, to make regulations for the transmission and delivery of all despatches, messages, and communications by means of any such line, and in like manner to fix and determine the fees, rates, or dues to be demanded and received for the transmission of any such despatch, message, or communication, and for the delivery thereof respectively, and the modes and times of payment; and to regulate the conduct, management, working and maintenance of any such telegraph line, and any such fees, rates, dues, or regulations from time to time to increase or lower, repeal, alter, or vary, respectively, and direct and make such others as may be deemed expedient; and that such fees, rates, and dues may be legally recovered; and such regulations shall have the force of law when published in the *Government Gazette* of the Colony:

And whereas by an Order in Council duly made and issued, bearing date the seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, the Governor in Council did, in pursuance of the said recited power and authority, fix and determine the fees, rates, or dues to be demanded or received for the transmission of any such despatches, messages, or communications by means of any line of telegraph which has been or hereafter shall be established or purchased under the powers conferred by the said Act: And whereas it is expedient to revoke the said Order in Council, and to fix a new tariff of charges:

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by the hereinbefore recited Act, doth, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of New Zealand, revoke the said Order in Council of the seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two,

and doth hereby fix and determine that the fees, rates, and dues specified in the Schedule hereto shall be the fees, rates, and dues to be demanded and received for the transmission of despatches, messages, and communications, and the delivery thereof respectively, by such lines of telegraph as aforesaid; and doth further declare that this order shall take effect on and after the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

SCHEDULE.

Tariff of Charges for the transmission of Telegrams on the Lines of Electric Telegraph belonging to the General Government of New Zealand.

UNIVERSAL TARIFF, PRIVATE RATES.

FROM any Station in New Zealand to any other Station in New Zealand having continuous telegraphic communication therewith:—

	s.	d.
For the first ten words or fraction of ten words	1	0
For each additional word after the first ten	0	1
On Sundays double the above rates.		

PRESS TARIFF.

For Press Telegrams from any Station in New Zealand to any other Station in New Zealand having continuous telegraphic communication therewith:—

Between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (week days),—

	s.	d.
For the first ten words or fraction of ten words	0	6
For every additional word	0	½

EVENING RATES.

Between the hours of 5 p.m. and 8 p.m. (week days),—

For the first twenty-five words or fraction of twenty-five words	0	6
For every additional twenty-five words or fraction of twenty-five words, after the first twenty-five	0	3

Exceptions to the above Scale of Charges.

On the arrival of an Australian or San Francisco Mail, each paper will be allowed to receive, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m., one telegram not exceeding 200 words, and to pay for the same at Evening Rates.

Papers publishing before 5 p.m., each day, in addition to Australian or San Francisco mail telegrams, will be allowed to receive at any period of the day telegrams amounting in the aggregate to two hundred (200) words, and will be charged for the same at Evening Rates, any excess over the two hundred words to be paid for at the rates in force between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m.

On Sundays double the above rates.

By "Press Telegram" is meant intelligence transmitted for *bonâ fide* publication in the regular newspapers and journals.

No charge will be made for address and signature, up to ten words; every word over ten will be charged for at tariff rates.

In the case of telegrams of any kind requiring to be delivered beyond one mile from the Station to which they are addressed and transmitted, or on ship-board, or on the water or across the water, further charges will be made as provided by the general regulations and conditions for the time being in force in relation thereto.

COPIES OF TELEGRAMS AND SEARCH.

	s.	d.
For every copy of a telegram ...	1	0
For every search ...	2	6
For every hour after the first hour occupied in any search for telegrams ...	2	6

DANIEL POLLEN.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Appointing Trustees under "The Maori Real Estate Management Act, 1867."

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this tenth day of October, 1873.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by "The Maori Real Estate Management Act, 1867," it is enacted, that if any title to or interest in any hereditaments shall accrue to any Maoris, who or any of whom shall be infants, lunatics, or under legal disability, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, if he think fit, to order that such hereditaments, or any part thereof or interest therein, as shall to the Governor in Council be shown to belong to such infant, lunatic, or other person under legal disability, shall be vested in trustees, as the Governor in Council shall think fit: And whereas by virtue of a Crown grant bearing date the third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, the parcel of land and hereditaments described in the Schedule hereto became vested in Paoro Torotoro, Te Waaka Kawatini, Tareha, Karaitiana Takamoana, Urupene Puhara, Ahere Te Koare, Erueti Ngamu, Nikera Whitingara, and Karauria Tamaiwhakakitea-te-Rangi, of the District of Napier, in the Province of Hawke's Bay, aboriginal natives of New Zealand: And whereas Karauria Tamaiwhakakitea-te-Rangi, one of the persons named in the said Crown grant, died intestate: And whereas, at a Native Land Court held at Napier, in the Province aforesaid, on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, Arini, a minor, claimed to succeed to the interest of the said Karauria Tamaiwhakakitea-te-Rangi in the said parcel of land described in the said Schedule; and it was ordered by the said Court that the said Arini, Te Roera, Iraia Hekara, Te Riu, Turanga Te Matenga, Ripeka, and Pane, should succeed to the hereditaments aforesaid; and it is expedient that Samuel Locke and Tareha Moananui be appointed trustees under the said Act on behalf of the said Arini, Te Roera, Iraia Hekara, Te Riu, Turanga Te Matenga, Ripeka, and Pane, during their minority:

Now therefore, His Excellency Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of New Zealand, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony, in exercise and in pursuance of the powers and authorities vested in him by the said Act, doth hereby order that the estate or interest of the said Karauria Tamaiwhakakitea-te-Rangi, in the said land described in the said Schedule hereto, be and remain vested in the said

SAMUEL LOCKE, Gentleman, and
TAREHA MOANANUI, an aboriginal native of New Zealand,

of Napier, in the District of Napier, Province of Hawke's Bay, as Trustees within the meaning and for the purposes of the said Act, for the said Arini, Te Roera, Iraia Hekara, Te Riu, Turanga Te Matenga, Ripeka, and Pane, during their minority.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Province of Hawke's Bay, in the Colony of New Zealand, containing by admeasurement one thousand two hundred and fifty-

three (1,253) acres, more or less, situate at Mangateretere, in the District of Ahuriri, being called or known by the name of Mangateretere West, and numbered eight N (8N); bounded towards the South, the West, and the North-west, by the Ngaruroro River; towards the North-east by the Hikutoto Block, three thousand eight hundred and fifty (3,850) links; and towards the East by the Mangateretere East Block, two thousand one hundred and forty-one (2,141) links, four thousand five hundred and fifty (4,550) links, eight hundred and eighty-three (883) links, and five thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (5,785) links.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Immigration Regulations.

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this fifteenth day of October, 1873.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of the powers and authorities vested in him for that purpose by "The Immigration and Public Works Act, 1870," and "The Immigration and Public Works Act Amendment Act, 1871," the Governor did, on or about the fourth day of December last past, make certain Regulations for the introduction of Immigrants from Europe into the Colony of New Zealand on the nomination of persons resident therein: And whereas by the said first-mentioned Act it is, amongst other things, enacted that the Governor in Council may from time to time make Regulations for the conduct of Immigration to New Zealand, and for the nomination of Immigrants by persons residing therein, as in the said Act mentioned, and no action shall be taken upon any such Regulation until the same has been laid before Parliament: And whereas by "The Immigration and Public Works Act Amendment Act, 1871," so much of the fortieth section of the said first-mentioned Act as provides that no action is to be taken under the Regulations made under the said section until such Regulations have been laid before Parliament, is thereby repealed: And whereas it is expedient that other Regulations should be made in lieu of those so made by the Governor as aforesaid:

Now therefore, His Excellency Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him for that purpose by "The Immigration and Public Works Act, 1870," and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Colony, doth hereby make the Regulations set forth in the Schedule hereto for the conduct of Immigration to New Zealand, and for the nomination of Immigrants by persons resident therein: such Regulations to take effect from and after the twentieth day of October instant, in lieu of those so made on the fourth day of December last: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained, or in the Regulations hereby made, shall prejudice or affect anything lawfully done, or any right acquired or duty imposed by or under the said Regulations of the fourth day of December last.

SCHEDULE.

REGULATIONS FOR THE CONDUCT OF IMMIGRATION TO NEW ZEALAND, ON THE NOMINATION OF IMMIGRANTS BY PERSONS RESIDENT THEREIN.

1. Any person resident in the Colony, desirous of nominating relatives or friends in Europe for passages to New Zealand, may do so by applying to an Immigration Officer, in the form at foot, copies of which can be obtained at all Immigration and Post Offices.

The persons nominated, if approved by the Immigration Officer and the officers of the Home Agency, will receive free passages to the Colony.

2. Every adult emigrant will be required, before embarkation, to pay, unless specially remitted by the Agent-General, 20s. (and children in proportion), for bedding, blankets, and mess utensils.

3. The cost of conveyance to the port (unless the Agent-General agrees to pay it), and to the residence of their friends after arrival in the Colony, must be defrayed by the emigrants themselves.

4. All the ships employed in this service will be under the provisions of the Passenger Act.

5. It is to be distinctly understood, that notwithstanding the applications are forwarded to the Agent-General by the Immigration Officers, the Agent-General in London may refuse passages where the intending emigrants are in ill-health, or in any way unfitted, according to his judgment, to emigrate.

6. The Regulations, issued upon 21st April, 1873, for the payment of bonuses to the nominators upon the arrival of the nominated immigrants, are hereby rescinded; and no certificates for the payment of such bonuses will be given after the date hereof.

To the IMMIGRATION OFFICER,

187 .

I have the honor to state that, in my opinion, the persons named below would be not unwilling to emigrate to New Zealand, and would be desirable colonists.

I have, therefore, to advise that such persons should be communicated with, and invited to emigrate to the Colony.

I have, &c.,

Name	Address [If the recommender does not know the address, he will state where the address can be obtained]
Supposed Age	
Family [Particulars of family as accurately as possible]	Trade or Occupation

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Extending time for making General Abstracts under "The Bankers Returns Act, 1858."

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

WHEREAS by "The Bankers Returns Act, 1858," (hereinafter called "the said Act,") it is enacted that every banker in the Colony of New Zealand shall, at the close of business on Monday in every week, prepare and make up at each place where he shall carry on the business of banker in the Colony, a full and correct account and statement in writing of the assets and liabilities of such banker at such place, in the form in the said Act specified, and that from such weekly accounts and statements there shall be prepared on the last Monday of each quarter ending on the last days of March, June, September, and December, respectively, by every such banker, a general abstract in writing of the average amount during such quarter of the assets and liabilities of every such banker, also in the form in the said Act specified: And whereas by "The Bankers Returns Act Amendment Act, 1860," it is also enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by warrant under his hand, to be published in the *Government Gazette*, from time to time to vary for every or any banker at every or any place within the Colony the several days and times provided by the said Act for the making and preparation of the said accounts and statements and abstracts respectively: Provided that such accounts and statements and abstracts made and prepared in any one year shall not be less in number than is provided by the said Act: And whereas it is expedient that the time within which the quarterly abstracts required to be made under the said Act should be varied as hereinafter provided:

Now therefore, I, Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the latter in part recited Act, and of every power and authority enabling me in that behalf, do hereby vary the time within which the several persons or bodies corporate carrying on business as bankers in the Colony of New Zealand shall be required to make out and deliver the general abstract required to be made out and delivered by the said Act and the latter recited Act, by extending the said time to thirty days from the termination of the quarter for which such abstract is required to be made out and delivered, subject, however, to the provision contained in the lastly in part recited Act.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, at the Government House, at Wellington, this fourteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

JULIUS VOGEL.

Sale of Land to Archibald Scott at 15s. per acre authorized.

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.

IN exercise of the power in me for this purpose vested by "The Westland Waste Lands Act, 1870," I, Sir James Fergusson, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby authorize the sale of the land described in the Schedule hereto to Archibald Scott, at the rate of fifteen shillings per acre.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the County of Westland containing by admeasurement nine thousand five hundred acres, more or less, situate in the Okarito District. Bounded on the West by Block LXXVIII. (rural); on the North by the south bank of the Wataroa River; on the South by the Waitangi-taona River; and on the East by a straight line from the commencement of Wataroa Gorge to Waitangi-taona River and branches thereof. Subject to necessary reserves and gold workings.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir James Fergusson, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued at Wellington, this eleventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

G. MAURICE O'RORKE.

Despatch from the Secretary of State, enclosing Treaty between Her Majesty and the King of Denmark for the mutual surrender of Fugitive Criminals.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 15th October, 1873.

THE following Despatch, with enclosures, from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, is published for general information.

DANIEL POLLEN.

[CIRCULAR.]

Downing Street, 9th July, 1873.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit to you, for publication in the Colony under your Government, a copy of a Treaty between Her Majesty and the King of Denmark for the mutual surrender of Fugitive Criminals, as well as a copy of the Order in Council of the 26th June last, for carrying into effect that Treaty.

I have, &c.,
KIMBERLEY.

The Officer Administering
the Government of New Zealand.

At the Court at Windsor, the 26th day of June, 1873.

Present:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the Law relating to the Extradition of Criminals," it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Act shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operations thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the thirty-first day of March last between Her Majesty and the King of Denmark for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of Denmark, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up; their said Majesties have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Sir Charles Lennox Wyke, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Denmark;

And His Majesty the King of Denmark, Baron Otto Ditley Rosenörn-Lehn, Knight Commander of the Order of the Danebrog and Danebrogsmænd, His Majesty's Minister for Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:—

ARTICLE I.

It is agreed that Her Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of Denmark shall, on requisition made in their name by their respective Diplomatic Agents, deliver up to each other reciprocally any persons, except native-born or naturalized subjects of the Party upon whom the requisition may be made, who, being accused or convicted of any of the

crimes hereinafter specified, committed within the territories of the requiring Party, shall be found within the territories of the other Party:—

1. Murder, or attempt or conspiracy to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Counterfeiting or altering money, or uttering counterfeit or altered money.
4. Forgery, or counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged or counterfeited or altered.
5. Embezzlement or larceny.
6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.
7. Crimes by bankrupts against bankruptcy laws.
8. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any company, made criminal by any law for the time being in force.
9. Rape.
10. Abduction.
11. Child-stealing.
12. Burglary or housebreaking.
13. Arson.
14. Robbery with violence.
15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.
16. Piracy by law of nations.
17. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.
18. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.
19. Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master:

Provided that the surrender shall be made only when, in the case of a person accused, the commission of the crime shall be so established as that the laws of the country where the fugitive or person so accused shall be found would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial if the crime had been there committed; and, in the case of a person alleged to have been convicted, on such evidence as, according to the laws of the country where he is found, would prove that he had been convicted.

ARTICLE II.

In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

I. In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of His Majesty the King of Denmark at London, accompanied by (1) a warrant or other equivalent judicial document for the arrest of the accused, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against him in Denmark; (2) duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the acts on account of which the fugitive is demanded; and (3) a description of the person claimed, and any other particulars which may serve to identify him. The said Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed

in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

When the fugitive shall have been apprehended in virtue of such warrant, he shall be brought before the Police Magistrate who issued it, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in England, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of the Government of His Majesty the King of Denmark.

II. In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the preceding case of a person accused, except that the document to be produced by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of His Danish Majesty in support of his requisition, shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Police Magistrate shall be such as would, according to the law of England, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of the Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*. If he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorized to receive him, without the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order.

ARTICLE III.

In the dominions of His Majesty the King of Denmark other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of His said Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

I. In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Denmark by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty at Copenhagen, accompanied by (1) a warrant for the arrest of the accused, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against him in Great Britain; (2) duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the acts on account of which the fugitive is demanded; and (3) a description of the person claimed, and any other particulars which may serve to identify him.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Denmark shall transmit such requisition for surrender to the Minister of Justice of His Majesty the King of Denmark, who, after having ascertained that the crime therein specified is one of those enumerated in the present Treaty, and satisfied himself that the evidence produced is such as, according to Danish law, would justify the committal for trial of the individual demanded, if the crime had been committed in Denmark, shall take

the necessary measures for causing the fugitive to be delivered to the person charged to receive him by the Government of Her Britannic Majesty.

II. In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the preceding case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty in support of his requisition shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced shall be such as would, according to the laws of Denmark, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

ARTICLE IV.

A fugitive criminal may, however, be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the person issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant, if the crime had been committed or the prisoner convicted in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which he exercises his jurisdiction: Provided, however, that in the United Kingdom the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London; and that in the dominions of His Majesty the King of Denmark the case shall be immediately submitted to the Minister of Justice of His Majesty the King of Denmark; and provided, also, that the individual arrested shall in either country be discharged, if within fifteen days a requisition shall not have been made for his surrender by the Diplomatic Agent of his country, in the manner directed by Articles II. and III. of this Treaty.

The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes specified in this Treaty, committed on the high seas, on board a vessel of either country, which may come into a port of the other.

ARTICLE V.

If the fugitive criminal who has been committed to prison be not surrendered and conveyed away within two months after such committal (or within two months after the decision of the Court, upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom), he shall be discharged from custody, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary.

ARTICLE VI.

When any person shall have been surrendered by either of the High Contracting Parties to the other, such person shall not, until he has been restored or had an opportunity of returning to the country from whence he was surrendered, be triable or tried for any offence committed in the other country prior to the surrender, other than the particular offence on account of which he was surrendered.

ARTICLE VII.

No accused or convicted person shall be surrendered, if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded shall be deemed by the Government upon which it is made to be one of a political character, or if in the United Kingdom he prove to the satisfaction of the Police Magistrate, or of the Court before which he is brought on *habeas corpus*, or to the Secretary of State, or in Denmark to the satisfaction of the Minister of Justice of His Majesty the King of Denmark, that the requisition for his surrender has in fact been made with a view to try or to punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE VIII.

Warrants, depositions, or statements on oath, issued or taken in the dominions of either of the two High Contracting Parties, and copies thereof, and certificates of or judicial documents stating the fact of conviction, shall be received in evidence in proceedings in the dominions of the other, if purporting to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the country where they were issued or taken, and provided they are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of State.

ARTICLE IX.

The surrender shall not take place if, since the commission of the acts charged, the accusation, or the conviction, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time according to the laws of the country where the accused or convicted person shall have taken refuge.

ARTICLE X.

If the individual claimed should be under prosecution or in custody for a crime or offence committed in the country where he may have taken refuge, his surrender may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case he should be proceeded against or detained in such country on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his surrender shall nevertheless take place, the injured party retaining his right to prosecute his claims before the competent authority.

ARTICLE XI.

Every article found in the possession of the individual claimed at the time of his arrest shall be seized, in order to be delivered up with his person at the time when the surrender shall be made. Such delivery shall not be limited to the property or articles obtained by stealing or by fraudulent bankruptcy, but shall extend to every thing that may serve as a proof of the crime. It shall take place even when the surrender, after having been ordered, shall be prevented from taking place by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed.

ARTICLE XII.

Each of the two Contracting Parties shall defray the expenses occasioned by the arrest within its territories, the detention, and the conveyance to its frontier, of the persons whom it may consent to surrender in pursuance of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XIII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies or foreign Possessions of the two High Contracting Parties, in the following manner:—

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in a Colony or foreign Possession of either of the two Contracting Parties, shall be made to the Governor or Chief Authority of such Colony or Possession by the Chief Consular Officer of the other Party in such Colony or Possession; or, if the fugitive has escaped from a Colony or foreign Possession of the Party on whose behalf the requisition is made, by the Governor or Chief Authority of such Colony or Possession.

Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the respective Governors or Chief Authorities, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender, or to refer the matter to their Government.

Her Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of Denmark shall, however, be at liberty to make

special arrangements in their Colonies and foreign Possessions for the surrender of criminals who may take refuge therein, on the basis, as nearly as may be, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XIV.

The present Treaty shall come into operation ten days after its publication, in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties.

After the Treaty shall so have been brought into operation, the Convention concluded between the High Contracting Parties on the 15th of April, 1862, shall be considered as cancelled, except as to any proceeding that may have already been taken or commenced in virtue thereof.

Either Party may at any time terminate the Treaty on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention.

ARTICLE XV.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratification shall be exchanged at Copenhagen as soon as may be within four weeks from the date of signature.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Copenhagen, the thirty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.) CHARLES LENNOX WYKE.

(L.S.) O. D. ROSENÖRN-LEHN.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Copenhagen on the twenty-sixth day of April last:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, the said Act shall apply in the case of the said Treaty with the King of Denmark.

(Signed) ARTHUR HELPS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 14th October, 1873.

THE following Proclamations relating to the importation of Cattle, Sheep, and Pigs, issued by the Governments of New South Wales, Queensland, and Western Australia, are published for general information.

DANIEL POLLEN.

PROCLAMATION.

NEW SOUTH WALES, } By His Excellency Sir Her-
to wit. } cules George Robert Robinson,
Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

(L.S.) HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor.

WHEREAS by section ten of an Act of the Parliament of New South Wales, passed in the thirty-fifth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, entitled "The Imported Stock Act of 1871," and numbered six, it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette, restrict or absolutely prohibit for any specified time the importation or introduction of any stock, fodder, or fittings from any other colony or country in which there is reason to believe any infectious or contagious disease in stock

exists: And whereas it was agreed at the Inter-colonial Conference held in Sydney, in February last, that all the Australian Colonies should join in a prohibition for two years, to guard against the introduction of Rinderpest or Foot-and-Mouth Disease into the Australian Colonies, a Proclamation was issued on the seventeenth day of April last, and forwarded to the Agent-General of this Colony for publication in the *London Times*, prohibiting the introduction of all stock, fodder, or fittings from any colony or country other than the Colonies of Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, and New Zealand: And whereas all the Colonies hereinbefore mentioned, excepting New Zealand, have issued similar Proclamations: Now therefore, I, Sir Hercules George Robert Robinson, the Governor aforesaid, do, by this my Proclamation, hereby totally prohibit the introduction into New South Wales of any stock, fodder, or fittings from the Colony of New Zealand, until such time as the Government of that Colony shall have issued a Proclamation, and published the same in the *London Times*, prohibiting the introduction of all stock, fodder, or fittings as before mentioned into that Colony.

Given under my hand and seal at Government House, Sydney, this eighth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and in the thirty-seventh year of Her Majesty's reign.

By His Excellency's command.

JAMES S. FARNELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

PROCLAMATION.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, } By His Excellency Frederick
TO WIT. } Aloysius Weld, Esquire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Territory of Western Australia and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.

(L.S.) FRED. A. WELD, Governor.

WHEREAS by section two of an Act of the Legislative Council of Western Australia, passed in the thirty-seventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, entitled "An Act to further regulate the Importation of Cattle, Sheep, or Pigs," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Executive Council to make an Order, and from time to time to alter, vary, or revoke the same, for the purposes of prohibiting or regulating the importation into this Colony of cattle, sheep, or pigs from any other countries or colonies, or country or colony, or part of a country or colony: And whereas it was agreed at the Inter-Colonial Conference held in Sydney, New South Wales, in February last, that all the Australian Colonies should join in a prohibition for two years to guard against the introduction of Rinderpest or Foot-and-Mouth Disease into the Australian Colonies, a notice was issued on the fifteenth day of July last, and forwarded to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, for publication in the *London Times*, prohibiting the introduction of cattle, sheep, and pigs from all places beyond the Australian Colonies and New Zealand: And whereas all the Colonies excepting New Zealand have issued similar Notices or Proclamations: Now therefore, I, Frederick Aloysius Weld, the Governor aforesaid, do by this my Proclamation hereby totally prohibit the introduction into Western Australia of any cattle, sheep, or pigs, from the Colony of New Zealand, until such time as the Government of that Colony shall have issued a Proclamation or Notice, and published the same in

the *London Times*, prohibiting the introduction of cattle, sheep, or pigs, as before mentioned, into that Colony.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Government House, Perth, this fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and in the thirty-seventh year of Her Majesty's reign.

By command.

FRED. P. BARLEE,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

PROCLAMATION.

QUEENSLAND, } Proclamation by the Most Honor-
TO WIT. } able George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Queensland and its Dependencies.

(L.S.) NORMANBY, Governor.

WHEREAS by the Diseased Animals Act, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, from time to time, by Proclamation, to prohibit or put restrictions on the introduction or importation of cattle, horses, sheep, goats, pigs, poultry, and other animals, or of any one or more kind of animals, into the Colony of Queensland, or into any district thereof, from such places, and during such times as might appear necessary: And whereas at an Intercolonial Conference held at Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, during the months of January and February last past, it was resolved, "That the Conference having taken into consideration the great danger to which Australian live stock are exposed from the importation of animals from countries in which infectious diseases prevail, it was resolved, that it is expedient to prohibit, for the period of two years, the landing of cattle, sheep, and pigs, from any places beyond the limits of the Australasian Colonies, and that such prohibition should take effect from and after the publication of a notice in the *London Times*:" And whereas a notification to the above effect, signed by the Agent-General of the Colony of Queensland, on behalf of, and by the authority of the Government of Queensland, was published in the *London Times* newspaper, of the fifteenth of May last: Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor aforesaid, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act above recited, and of all other powers enabling me in that behalf, do, by this my Proclamation, absolutely prohibit and forbid the introduction or importation of cattle, sheep, and pigs into the Colony of Queensland, or any district thereof, from all places beyond the limits of the Australasian Colonies, for the term of two years from the date of the publication of the notification hereinbefore referred to in the *London Times* newspaper, namely, for the term of two years from the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight and seventy-three.

Given under my hand and seal, at Government House, Brisbane, the seventeenth day of July, in year of our Lord one

thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and in the thirty-seventh year of Her Majesty's reign.

By command.

A. H. PALMER.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Returning and Registration Officer appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 15th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint, in the room of Singleton Rochfort, Esq.,

HENRY BOWMAN SEALY, Esq.,

to the under-mentioned Electoral Offices, viz. :—

Registration and Returning Officer for the election of Members of the House of Representatives for the Electoral Districts of Napier and Clive ;
Returning Officer for the election of Members of the Provincial Council of the Province of Hawke's Bay for the District of the Town of Napier ;

Registration Officer for the Province of Hawke's Bay, to form Electoral Rolls for the election of Members of the Provincial Council thereof.

DANIEL POLLEN.

Deputy Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 15th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOHN HARE, Esq.,

to be Deputy of the Registrar of Marriages, and of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, for the District of Wanganui, as the same is defined in Proclamation of 10th day of October, 1870, and published in *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 56, of 11th day of October, 1870, *vice* Duncan Guy, Esq., transferred.

DANIEL POLLEN.

Deputy Sheriff appointed.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 11th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

EDWIN BAMFORD, Esq.,

to be Deputy Sheriff for the District of Hawke's Bay.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS,
(in the absence of the Minister of Justice).

Justice of the Peace resigned.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 13th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation by

FREDERICK WOLLASTON HUTTON, Esq.,

of his appointment as a Justice of the Peace for the Colony.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS,
(in the absence of the Minister of Justice).

Registrar, Supreme Court, appointed.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 14th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

DUNCAN GUY, Esq.,

to be Registrar at Napier of the Supreme Court from and after the 17th instant, *vice* John Hare, Esq., transferred.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS,
(in the absence of the Minister of Justice).

Clerk, Resident Magistrate's Court, appointed.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 14th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

DUNCAN GUY, Esq.,

to be Clerk of the Resident Magistrate's Court at Napier, from and after the 17th instant, *vice* John Hare, Esq., transferred.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS,
(in the absence of the Minister of Justice).

Resignation of a Trustee, Dunedin Savings Bank, accepted.

Treasury,
Wellington, 14th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation by

LATHAM O. BEAL, Esq.,

of his appointment as a Trustee of the Dunedin Savings Bank.

JULIUS VOGEL.

Clerks in Treasury appointed.

Treasury,
Wellington, 9th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM THEODORE THANE, Esq.,

JOHN GANDY, Esq., and

CHARLES LANGSTONE WOLEDGE, Esq.,

to be Clerks in the Treasury, as from the 1st October instant.

JULIUS VOGEL.

Oysters at Stewart's Island.

Customs Department,
Wellington, 13th October, 1873.

THE following Extract from a Report received from the Customs Officer at Stewart's Island, is published for general information.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS.

Port William, 1st October, 1873.

During the season, or the greater part of it, there have been employed in dredging for oysters, which were nearly all sent to Dunedin, eight cutters, varying in size from six to sixteen tons. The small-sized ones are wrought by two men, the large by three.

Their operations have this year been confined to a space of ground about a mile broad and a mile and a quarter long, situated immediately off Half Moon Bay; and in such abundance is the oyster found there, that three men, when all circumstances are favourable, can draw up in one day five hundred dozen.

The oyster, I am told, is found on any part of the coast between Saddle Point and Port Adventure; but part of the bottom is rocky, and it is only on the sandy patches that the oyster dredge can be wrought.

From instances I have heard of oysters having been found between and outside of the islands, I

think it probable that the beds may extend all the way across to Ruapuke. In conversation with the master of one of the cutters, he mentioned that, having had occasion some time ago to anchor a little to the westward of Ruapuke, he made use of his dredge as an anchor, and when he came to pull it up it was quite full of large-sized oysters. There can be little doubt but that the oyster is spread over a large extent of ground in this quarter, and that the quantity is all but inexhaustible.

The New Zealand market is tolerably well supplied by the cutters now engaged in the trade; but a large and valuable trade might be done with Melbourne, for I understand that samples which have been sent from here have been readily sold. The difficulty hitherto experienced in sending oysters to Melbourne, is said to have been the cost of the packages, which, I understand, must be of wood. If that has been the drawback, it will now be greatly lessened from this circumstance, namely, that the saw-mill at Half Moon Bay is now in full operation, and there must always at such a work be a large quantity of waste timber which could be used up in making a cheap description of oyster packing-cases.

The importance of a fully developed export trade in oysters can hardly be over estimated; and should I be provided with a decked boat or cutter such as I recommended to be got, I shall make it a point, when suitable opportunity offers, to discover the extent of the oyster beds and their comparative richness, and report the result to you.

J. B. GREIG.

Assessor under Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act appointed.

Native Office,
Wellington, 13th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WETINI MAHIKAI

to be an Assessor under "The Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act, 1870," within the District of Raglan.

DONALD McLEAN.

Appointment of Under Secretary, Native Department.

Native Office,
Wellington, 15th October, 1873.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HENRY TACY CLARKE, Esq.,

to be Under Secretary in the Native Department.

DONALD McLEAN.

Native Title extinguished over the Okahu Block.

Native Office,
Wellington, 6th October, 1873.

IT is hereby notified, that the Native title has been extinguished over the block of land whereof the boundaries are mentioned or described in the Schedule hereunto annexed, with the exception of the reserves specified therein.

DONALD McLEAN.

SCHEDULE.

PROVINCE OF AUCKLAND, DISTRICT OF PUHOI,
OKAHU BLOCK.

Estimated to contain 2,408 Acres.

BOUNDARIES.—Bounded towards the North by Te Pukapuka Block, three hundred and seventy-two

links, three thousand and ninety links, six hundred and eighty links, two hundred and forty-two links, three hundred and twenty-eight links, five hundred and five links, seven hundred and thirty-one links, and three thousand six hundred and eighty links, and by the Huawai Block, two thousand three hundred and thirty links; towards the East by the Puhoi Block; towards the South by the Waiwerawera River; towards the South-west by a line eight thousand seven hundred and eighty links; and towards the West by a line seventeen thousand six hundred and fifty-five links . . . save and excepting such portions of said parcel of land as specified in the Schedule hereto.

Schedule of Reservations.

All that piece or parcel of land, part of said "Okahu" Block, containing eighteen acres, more or less, conveyed to one — Meaney, by deed dated the fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and registered in the Deeds Registry Office for the Province of Auckland, under number 3298B.

All that piece or parcel of land, part of said "Okahu" Block, containing twenty-six acres, more or less, conveyed to one George Ryan, by deed dated the eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and registered as aforesaid, under number 3378B.

All that piece or parcel of land, part of said "Okahu" Block, containing twelve acres, more or less, conveyed to one Michael Meaney, by deed dated the eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and registered as aforesaid, under number 3379B.

All that piece or parcel of land, part of said "Okahu" Block, containing forty-seven acres, more or less, conveyed to William Smith and Alexander Smith, by deed dated the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and registered as aforesaid, under number 5993B.

All that piece or parcel of land, part of said "Okahu" Block, containing six acres and three roods, more or less, conveyed to one Christopher Nolan, by deed dated the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and registered as aforesaid, under number 6223B.

All that piece or parcel of land, part of said "Okahu" Block, containing twenty-one acres, more or less. Bounded—towards the North by a line one thousand one hundred links; towards the North-east by lines seven hundred and fifty links and one hundred and ninety links; towards the East by a line three hundred and seventy-two links; towards the South by lines one hundred and sixty links, three hundred and forty links, three hundred and twenty-two links, two hundred and twenty-two links, two hundred and twenty links, three hundred and thirty-five links, and three hundred links; and towards the West by a line one thousand two hundred links.

Money Order Offices.

General Post Office,
Wellington, 9th October, 1873.

THE following Notice, received from the General Post Office, London, is published for general information.

By order.

W. GRAY,
(for the Secretary).

MONEY ORDER OFFICES.

ENGLAND.

On the 1st of August the following alterations will be made, viz.:—

1. Money Order Offices will be opened in the Suburbs of London at—

	Postal District.
Earl's Court	S.W.
Lyham Road, Brixton	S.W.
Old Kent Road (No. 563)	S.E.
Peckham Park Road (No. 163)	S.E.

2. The designation of the office at Tooting Lower will be changed to Lower Tooting.

3. Money Order Offices will be opened in the Country at—

	Head Office.	County.
Bright Waltham	Wantage	Berks.
Calderbridge	Carnforth	Cumberland.
Carbrook R.O.	Sheffield	York.
Cawston	Norwich	Norfolk.
Cranfield	Newport Pagnel	Bedford.
Harewood End	Ross	Hereford.
Holmbridge	Huddersfield	York.
Mapplewell	Barnsley	York.
Measham	Atherstone	Derby.
Millbrook	St. Heliers	Jersey.
Much Marcle	Gloucester	Hereford.
Nottingham Road, R.O.	Derby	Derby.
Pitsmoor R.O.	Sheffield	York.
Pooley Bridge	Penrith	Cumberland.
Rochdale Road R.O.	Bury	Lancaster
West Melton	Rotherham	York.

4. The Office at Grange (Carnforth) will henceforth be called Grange-over-Sands.

5. The Office at Bridge Gate, Derby, will be abolished.

6. The Office at Chelford will henceforth be served from Crewe; and the Office at Preston Candover from Basingstoke.

SCOTLAND.

7. A Money Order Office will be opened at—

	Head Office.	County.
Ardpatrick	Greenock	Argyle.

IRELAND.

8. A Money Order Office will be opened at—

	Head Office.	County.
Castle Gregory	Tralee	Kerry.

General Post Office, London,
28th July, 1873.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 18 of 1873.

Customs Department (Marine Branch),
Wellington, 3rd October, 1873.

THE following Notice to Mariners, received from the Portmaster, Brisbane, is published for general information.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS,
Commissioner of Customs.

TEMPORARY LIGHT, CAPE BOWLING GREEN.

ON and after this date, during the construction of the Lighthouse, a Temporary Bright Fixed Light will be exhibited from Cape Bowling Green, at an elevation of 30 feet above high water. In clear weather the Light will be visible nine miles.

G. P. HEATH, Commander R.N.,
Portmaster.

Department of Ports and Harbours,
Brisbane, 17th September, 1873.

Reserve for Educational Purposes.

WHEREAS by the Regulations for the sale and disposal of lands taken under the authority

of "The New Zealand Settlements Act, 1863," and "The New Zealand Settlements Amendment and Continuance Act, 1865," contained in the Schedule to an Order in Council made and issued, bearing date the 11th May, 1871, it is provided that reserves for roads and all other public purposes whatever, and for education, and the sites for churches and chapels or other places of worship for different religious denominations, may be made by Government out of any confiscated lands, and that notices of all such reserves shall be published in the *New Zealand Gazette*: It is hereby notified, that the land specified in the Schedule hereunder written shall be reserved for the purposes therein mentioned and set opposite the description of the said parcel of land.

G. MAURICE O'ROKKE,
Secretary for Crown Lands.

Wellington, 10th October, 1873.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Reserve.	Purposes of Reserve.
PROVINCE OF AUCKLAND. Rural allotment number two hundred and sixty-three (263), Parish of Waimana, containing three acres.	Educational purposes.

Inquiry for Missing Person.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 15th October, 1873.

INQUIRIES having been made for a missing person named CAVENDISH HENRY REEDE, formerly a Constable in the Armed Constabulary, from which he was discharged in May, 1871, any one who can give any information respecting him is requested to communicate with this office.

By command.

G. S. COOPER,
Under Secretary.

Tenders for a Laundry, Lowry Bay.

Public Works Office,
(Colonial Architect's Branch),
Wellington, 13th October, 1873.

TENDERS are invited for the erection of a Laundry at Lowry Bay.

General conditions, drawings, and specifications, may be seen at the Colonial Architect's Office, Wellington, and at the Post Office, Lower Hutt.

Tenders addressed to the Hon. the Minister for Public Works, and marked outside "Tender for Laundry," will be received up to Noon on Saturday next, the 18th of October.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. H. CLAYTON,
Colonial Architect.

Officiating Minister registered.

Registrar-General's Office,
Wellington, 15th October, 1873.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and intituled "The Marriage Act, 1854," the following name of an Officiating Minister

within the meaning of the said Act is published for general information:—

Free Church of Scotland.

The Reverend WILLIAM R. CAMPBELL.

I, JOHN B. BENNETT, Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in New Zealand, do hereby certify that the foregoing Name of an Officiating Minister, within the meaning of "The Marriage Act, 1854," has been sent in to me, in addition to the names in Lists published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 6, of the 30th January; No. 9, of the 13th February; No. 11, of the 27th February; No. 17, of the 20th March; No. 22, of the 10th April; No. 25, of the 24th April; No. 26, of the 1st May; No. 30, of the 15th May; No. 31, of the 22nd May; No. 38, of the 12th June; No. 41, of the 26th June; No. 42, of the 3rd July; No. 46, of the 17th July; No. 55, of the 18th September; No. 57, of the 2nd October; and No. 60, of the 9th October, in the present year.

Given under my hand, at Wellington, this fifteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

JOHN B. BENNETT,
Registrar-General.

CITY OF YORK GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THIS is to certify that Walter Dowden has been duly appointed Legal Manager of the above Company, and that the Registered Office of the Company is at Albert Street, Grahamstown.

JOHN D. WICKHAM, }
WM. WILKINSON. } Directors.

Grahamstown, 30th July, 1873. 597

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 13th December, 1873.

JOE DRANSFIELD, Wellington, Applicant.—21 perches, part of Town Sections 514 and 515, Napier; bounded on North by other parts of said sections, 161 feet 9 inches; on East by Section 513, 56 feet 5 inches; on South by Port Ahuriri; and on West by Custom House Street, 19 feet 3 inches. (C. L. Margoliouth, Broker.)

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Napier.

HANSON TURTON,
District Land Registrar. 601

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat in the meantime be lodged forbidding the same.

Allotment 21, containing one acre, being part of sub-division of Rural Section 4, in the Omaka District. Bounded—towards the North-east 500 links by Allotment 20; towards the South-east 200 links by Allotment 34; towards the South-west by a road called Muller Road; and towards the North-west 200 links by Maxwell Road.—EDMUND ECCLES, Land Broker for Henry Honnor, the Applicant.

Caveat must be lodged within one calendar month after publication of this notice.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Blenheim.

J. DEAN BAMFORD,
District Land Registrar. 598

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat in the meantime be lodged forbidding the same.

Sections 69 and 70, in the District of Kaikoura Suburban, containing 103 acres and 2 roods. Bounded—towards the North-east, 3450 links, by Section 71; towards the South-east, 3000 links, by Sections 77 and 78; towards the South-west, 3450 links, by Section 68; and toward the North-west, 3000 links, by a public road one chain wide. (Edmund Eccles, Land Broker, for FELIX WARD, the Applicant.)

Caveat must be lodged within one calendar month from the date of the publication of this notice in the *Gazette*.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Blenheim.

J. DEAN BAMFORD,
District Land Registrar. 608

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat in the meantime be lodged forbidding the same.

WILLIAM VINCENT.—1 acre, 17½ perches, part of Lot 119, Christchurch Town Reserves; commencing at north-eastern corner of lot; thence southerly along Colombo Street 200 links, and extending back westerly therefrom in a rectangular block full depth of lot. (Robert Wilkin, Broker.) 1222.

JAMES WILSON.—3 roods, Sections 1054, 1056, and 1058, Christchurch City. (Charles Clark, Broker.) 1228.

WILLIAM DYMOCK.—50 acres, Rural Section 3160, Lincoln District. (Duncan and Jameson, Solicitors.) 1232.

ARCHIBALD PAISLEY STUART.—54 acres, Rural Sections 1727 and 1728, Mandeville District. (J. G. Hawkes, Broker.) 1234.

JOHN FREDERICK STANLEY.—28 perches, part of Lot 73, Christchurch Town Reserves; commencing at a point on southern boundary of lot 200 links from its south-western corner; thence easterly along said boundary 106 links, and extending back northerly therefrom in a rectangular block to a reserved road. (Charles Clark, Broker.) 1235.

MARY HALSTEAD.—20 acres, Rural Section 8870, Timaru District. (Perry and Perry, Solicitors.) 1237.

Joshua Strange Williams, as Attorney for FRANCIS FEARON.—32 acres, Rural Section 8216, Mandeville District. (Charles Clark, Broker.) 1242.

RACHEL WILLIS.—1 rood, Section 9, Block IV., Lincoln Township, part of Rural Section 1880, Lincoln District. (Alfred Thompson, Solicitor.) 1244.

ROBERT WILLIAM D'OYLY.—4 acres 3 roods 27 perches, part of Rural Section 349, Man-

deville District; commencing at a point on north-eastern boundary of section 1576 links from its south-eastern corner; thence north-westerly along said boundary 646 links, and extending back south-westerly therefrom in a rectangular block to a reserved road. Also, 1 acre 3 roods, 27 perches, other part of same section; commencing at a point on said reserved road 51 links south-west from north-western corner of aforesaid part; thence south-easterly along said road 252 links, and extending back south-westerly in a rectangular block to south-western boundary of section. 1246.

JAMES DRUMMOND MACPHERSON.—7 acres 3 roods 8 perches, part of Rural Section 160, Christchurch District; commencing at a point on Harewood Road 2040 links from north-western corner of section, having a frontage on said road of 500 links, and bounded on North-west by other part of section, 1954 links; on South-east and North-east by a reserved road, 1057 links and 37 links, and also on South-east by other part of section, 1031 links. (Hanmer and Harper, Solicitors.) 1247.

PETER CAMPBELL the younger.—60 acres, Rural Section 10546, Ellesmere District. (Hanmer and Harper, Solicitors.) 1249.

THOMAS HODGSON PARKINSON.—100 acres, Rural Sections 1879 and 7482, Lincoln District. (R. D. Thomas, Solicitor.) 1251.

Caveat in each case must be lodged within one calendar month after publication of this notice.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Christchurch.

JOSHUA STRANGE WILLIAMS,

604

District Land Registrar.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 24th day of November, 1873.

ELIZABETH KNOX.—Allotment 15 of Section 15, Town of Auckland, frontage to Albert Street and Elliott Street, No. 565. Also part of Allotment 1, Section 39, Town of Auckland, frontage to Wellesley Street, No. 566.

PATRICK DIGNAN.—Allotment 10, Section 25, Town of Auckland, frontage to Nelson Street, No. 636.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Auckland.

GEO. B. DAVY,

607

District Land Registrar.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that **WILLIAM BLAND**, of Orton Green, Ashburton, in the Province of Canterbury, Farmer, claiming as Heir-at-law of the late James Bland, of Orton Green aforesaid, Farmer, deceased, has applied to be registered as proprietor in fee-simple of 50 acres, Rural Section 15429, Ashburton District; and notice is hereby further given, that he will be so registered unless caveat forbidding the same be lodged within six calendar months after the date of publication of this notice.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Christchurch.

JOSHUA STRANGE WILLIAMS,

603

District Land Registrar.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat in the meantime be lodged forbidding the same.

ROBERT MARTIN SMITH, of the District of Waimea South, Innkeeper, and **JOSEPH PRICE**, of the same District, Farmer, Applicants.—1 acre 1 rood, being part of Section "90" on the plan of the District of Waimea South. Bounded—Northward (500 links) by a public road; Eastward (300 links); Westward (200 links); and Southward by other parts of the same section. (Adams and Pitt, Solicitors.)

ROBERT LEE, of the City of Nelson, Gentleman, Applicant.—2 roods, being part of Section "611" on the plan of the City of Nelson; commencing at a point on the eastern boundary of the said section, 146 feet distant from Bronti Street, and extending back therefrom the whole depth of the said section. Bounded—Northward (152 feet or thereabout) by other part of the same section; Eastward (144 feet or thereabout) by Section 609 on said plan; Southward (152 feet or thereabout) by Section 612 on said plan; Westward, partly by part of Section 613 on said plan, and partly by a private road 12 feet wide, with the right of way over the said private road. (Adams and Pitt, Solicitors.)

Mrs. SARAH NICHOLSON, of the District of Suburban South, Widow, Applicant.—50 acres, being Section "60" on the plan of the said District of Suburban South. (W. Rout, Broker.)

JOHN PRICE, of the District of Waimea South, Farmer, Applicant.—8 acres, being part of Section "89" on the plan of the said District of Waimea South. Bounded—North (1273 links) by land granted to Edward Baigent; East (819 links) by a public road; South (937 links) by a private road, with a right of way over the same; West (766 links) by land formerly used as a public road, but which is now stopped up.

Caveat in each case must be lodged within one calendar month from the date of advertising this notice in the *Gazette*.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 7th day of October, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Nelson.

SAMUEL KINGDON,

602

District Land Registrar.

STATEMENT of the Affairs of "The Inverness Gold Mining Company, Registered," for the half-year ended 30th June, 1873, in accordance with section 135 of "The Mining Companies Act, 1872."

Name of Company: "The Inverness Gold Mining Company, Registered."

When formed, and date of registration: 19th July, 1869.

Where business is conducted, and name of Legal Manager: Queen Street, Auckland; T. Leigh White.

Nominal capital: £55,000.

Amount of paid-up scrip given to shareholders: £49,500.

Number of shares in which capital is divided: 11,000.

Number of shares taken: 10,925.

Amount of calls made: £137 10s. this half-year.

Total amount of subscribed capital paid up: £2,868 9s. 3d.

Number of shareholders at time of registration of Company: 31.

Amount of cash in hand: None.

Whether in operation or not: Worked on tribute.

Total amount of dividends declared: None this half-year.

Number of shares unallotted: 75.

Dated 31st July, 1873.

THOS. L. WHITE,

527

Manager.

BALANCE SHEET of the PUBLIC ACCOUNT on 27th SEPTEMBER, 1873, showing the Ledger Balances of each Account, the Cash in hand, and the Advances to be Accounted for.

ACCOUNT.	CR. BALANCES ON 30TH JUNE, 1873.		TRANSACTIONS.			CR. BALANCES ON 27TH SEPT., 1873.		DR. BALANCES ON 27TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.										
			Dr. Disbursements and Transfers.		Cr. Receipts and Transfers.			CASH IN THE PUBLIC ACCOUNT.		ADVANCES TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR.		TOTALS.						
			£	s. d.	£			s. d.	£	s. d.	£		s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	
CONSOLIDATED FUND	288,499	9 2	316,040	16 9	287,958	5 0	260,416	17 5	27,882	5 9	174,162	0 1	43,838	6 8	14,534	4 11	260,416	17 5
SPECIAL FUNDS—																		
“New Zealand Settlements Act, 1863”	595	12 11	7,156	1 2	16,449	13 8	9,889	5 5	2,870	5 3	...	...	7,019	0 2	...	...	9,889	5 5
“Consolidated Loan Act, 1867”	9,977	2 1	...	...	...	...	9,977	2 1	7,175	19 1	...	...	2,801	3 0	...	...	9,977	2 1
“Defence Loan Act, 1870”	103,732	3 9	30,636	19 2	5,466	16 11	78,562	1 6	48,221	4 7	19,770	14 10	8,350	11 0	2,219	11 1	78,562	1 6
“Immigration and Public Works Loan Act, 1870”	195,423	12 7	181,934	4 7	224,831	1 10	238,320	9 10	26,901	8 10	24,979	10 7	61,438	16 10	125,000	13 7	238,320	9 10
“Wellington Debts Act, 1871”	5,638	10 6	...	...	...	...	5,638	10 6	5,638	10 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,638	10 6
“Wellington Debts Act, 1872,” Redemption Account	...	...	...	...	15,000	0 0	15,000	0 0	15,000	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,000	0 0
“North Otago Districts Public Works Loan Act, 1872,” ... ..	...	...	5,000	0 0	20,912	15 4	15,912	15 4	15,912	15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,912	15 4
LAND FUND	3,301	9 7	253,558	15 4	250,381	13 4	124	7 7	Cr. 295	15 0	...	...	420	2 7	...	...	124	7 7
TRUST FUND	54,483	9 7	17,999	7 11	117,637	19 1	154,122	0 9	147,049	15 8	6,000	0 0	1,072	5 1	...	...	154,122	0 9
RECEIPTS IN SUSPENSE	606	9 6	20,154	14 7	21,415	9 10	1,867	4 9	1,867	4 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,867	4 9
TOTALS	662,257	19 8	832,480	19 6	960,053	15 0	789,830	15 2	298,223	14 9	224,912	5 6	124,940	5 4	141,754	9 7	789,830	15 2

Treasury, 7th October, 1873.

JAMES C. GAVIN,
Accountant to the Treasury.

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the PUBLIC

RECEIPTS.						£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Consolidated Fund:—														
Ordinary Revenue,—														
Customs	...	...	...	...	...	224,803	4	11						
Stamps	...	...	...	...	...	18,984	6	4						
Postal	...	...	...	...	...	12,539	11	1						
Telegraphic	...	...	...	...	...	11,024	5	9						
Judicial	...	...	...	...	...	6,717	9	0						
Registration and other Fees	...	...	...	...	...	8,120	1	1						
Incidental	...	...	...	...	...	782	10	3						
									282,971	8	5			
Recoveries for credit of Votes	...	...	...	...	...	...			3,367	10	3			
Recovery from Province of Otago on account of Balance at debit of Capitation Account	...	...	...	...	...	...			1,619	6	4			
Total Receipts												287,958	5	0
Balance on 30 June, 1873,—														
Cash in the Public Account,—														
New Zealand	...	...	...	...	...	27,861	19	11						
London	...	...	...	...	...	233,476	5	1				261,338	5	0
Advances to be accounted for,—														
Colonial	...	...	...	...	...	12,285	13	9						
Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	14,875	10	5				27,161	4	2
												288,499	9	2
Total Consolidated Fund														£576,457 14 2
Special Funds:—														
"NEW ZEALAND SETTLEMENTS ACT, 1863,"—														
Land Sales	...	...	...	...	...	11,345	0	4						
Licenses, Rents, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	104	13	4				11,449	13	8
Temporary advance from Immigration and Public Works Loan												5,000	0	0
												16,449	13	8
Balance on 30 June, 1873,—														
Advances to be accounted for	...	...	...	...	...	...						595	12	11
												17,045	6	7
"CONSOLIDATED LOAN ACT, 1867,"—														
Receipts, nil.														
Balance on 30 June, 1873,—														
Cash in the Public Account	...	...	...	...	...	...			7,175	19	1			
Advances to be accounted for	...	...	...	...	...	...			2,801	3	0			
												9,977	2	1
"DEFENCE LOAN ACT, 1870,"—														
Sales of Debentures	...	...	...	...	...	...			1,500	0	0			
Recoveries for credit of Votes	...	...	...	...	...	...			3,966	16	11			
Carried forward									5,466	16	11			27,022 8 8

ACCOUNT for the QUARTER ended 27th SEPTEMBER, 1873—continued.

EXPENDITURE.				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
				Advances.								
Special Funds—continued.												
			Brought forward	...			6,379	3	0	27,022	8	8
"DEFENCE LOAN ACT, 1870,"—continued.												
Appropriation of 1873-74,—												
			Defence Office ... ..	...			352	15	5			
			Armed Constabulary ... ..	...			17,093	9	8			
			Miscellaneous ... ..	...			263	16	10			
			Steamer "Luna" ... ..	...			546	0	5			
			Contingent Defence ... ..	...			5,964	10	11			
			Charges and Expenses of Raising Loan ... ..	...			32	2	11			
			General Imprest Account ... ..	...			8,350	11	0			
							30,636 19 2					
Balance on 27 September, 1873,—												
Cash in the Public Account,—												
			New Zealand	£48,221	4	7						
			London	19,770	14	10						
							67,991 19 5					
Advances to be accounted for,—												
			Colonial (as above)	£8,350	11	0						
			Foreign	2,219	11	1						
							10,570 2 1					
							78,562 1 6			109,199 0 8		
							Advances.					
"IMMIGRATION AND PUBLIC WORKS LOAN ACT, 1870,"—												
			Public Works Department ... ..	...			2,564	3	10			
			Stores Department ... ..	...			166	13	4			
			Roads in North Island ... ..	...			19,236	16	9	26,001	7	6
Railways,—												
			North Island ... ..	...			4,057	17	9	33,533	15	0
			Middle Island ... ..	...			5,678	8	11	90,758	13	11
			General Railway Account ... ..	...			...			16	17	9
			Surveys under section 10 "Railways Act, 1872" ... ..	...			787	18	3	770	2	3
			Immigration ... ..	...			1,796	1	7	7,626	0	8
			Land Purchases, North Island ... ..	...			22,867	9	3	4,157	4	6
			Water Supply on Gold Fields ... ..	...			3,029	8	0	1,225	10	8
			Prospecting for Coal ... ..	...			492	17	8	225	8	11
			Advances to Coal Mines ... ..	...			...			209	2	0
			Telegraph Extension ... ..	...			2,157	3	6	5,516	6	9
			Charges and Expenses of raising Loan ... ..	...			...			4,139	19	11
			Temporary Advance to New Zealand Settlements Act Account ... ..	...			...			5,000	0	0
			Greymouth Protective Works ... ..	...			...			22	17	7
			Unappropriated ... ..	...			33	7	1			
			General Imprest Account ... ..	...			1,301	8	1			
							61,438 16 10			181,934 4 7		
Balance on 27 September, 1873,—												
Cash in the Public Account,—												
			New Zealand	£26,901	8	10						
			London	24,979	10	7						
							51,880 19 5					
Advances to be accounted for,—												
			Colonial (as above)	£61,438	16	10						
			Foreign	125,000	13	7						
							186,439 10 5			238,320 9 10		
										420,254 14 5		
"WELLINGTON DEBTS ACT, 1871,"—												
Disbursements, nil.												
Balance on 27 September, 1873,—												
			Cash in the Public Account ... ..	...			5,638	10	6			
										5,638 10 6		
"WELLINGTON DEBTS ACT, 1872," Redemption Account,—												
Disbursements nil												
Balance on 27 September, 1873,—												
			Cash in the Public Account ... ..	...			15,000	0	0			
										15,000 0 0		
NORTH OTAGO DISTRICT PUBLIC WORKS LOAN ACT, 1872,"—												
			Payments to Provincial Account, Otago ... ..	...			5,000	0	0			
Balance on 27th September, 1873,—												
			Cash in the Public Account ... ..	...			15,912	15	4			
										20,912 15 4		
Total Special Funds												
										£598,027 9 7		

STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the PUBLIC

RECEIPTS.						£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Land Fund:—														
Land Revenue	...	...	...	...	...	228,824	0	0						
Gold Fields Revenue	...	...	...	...	...	10,759	11	0						
Gold Duty	...	...	...	...	...	10,255	7	11						
									249,838	18	11			
Native Lands Acts Account,—														
Fees and Duties	...	...	...	...	...	515	8	5						
Recovery for credit of Vote for Survey Department	...	...	...	...	...	27	6	0						
									542	14	5			
Total Receipts												250,381	13	4
Balance on 30 June, 1873,—														
Cash in the Public Account	...	...	...	...	...				3,194	7	0			
Advances to be accounted for	...	...	...	...	...				107	2	7			
												3,801	9	7
Total Land Fund												£253,683	2	11
Trust Fund:—														
Armed Constabulary Reward Fund Account	...	...	...	...	...							0	12	6
General Assembly Library Fund	...	...	...	...	...				65	0	0			
Government Annuities	...	...	...	...	...				9,149	2	8			
Intestate Estates Fund	...	...	...	...	...				1,328	4	2			
Intestate Estates Expenses	...	...	...	...	...				107	12	2			
Investment	...	...	...	...	...				45,291	12	10			
Interest	...	...	...	...	...				281	18	8			
Land Assurance Fund Account	...	...	...	...	...				651	4	3			
Lands Clauses Consolidation Act	...	...	...	...	...				50	0	0			
Lunatics Estates	...	...	...	...	...				62	3	10			
Militia Act	...	...	...	...	...				5	5	0			
Native Reserves	...	...	...	...	...				1,413	11	5			
Post Office Money Order	...	...	...	...	...				16,000	0	0			
Post Office Savings Bank	...	...	...	...	...				43,005	12	0			
Real Estate Administration	...	...	...	...	...				144	2	1			
Trustees Relief Act	...	...	...	...	...				81	17	6			
Total Receipts												117,637	19	1
Balance on 30 June, 1873,—														
Cash in the Public Account,—														
New Zealand	...	...	...	...	...	47,625	12	6						
London	...	...	...	...	...	6,000	0	0						
									53,625	12	6			
Advances to be accounted for	...	...	...	...	...				857	17	1			
												54,483	9	7
Total Trust Fund												£172,121	8	8

ACCOUNT for the QUARTER ended 27th SEPTEMBER, 1873—continued.

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d. Advances.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Land Fund:—			
Receivers of Land Revenue ... ..	...	195 16 8	
Commissioners of Crown Lands, &c....	...	763 6 8	
Waste Lands Board, Westland ... ..	...	29 8 0	
Payments to Provincial Accounts ... ..	...	248,732 14 5	
Transfer to Consolidated Fund on account of balance at debit of Otago ... ..	...	1,619 6 4	251,340 12 1
Native Lands Acts Account,—			
Native Lands Court ... ..	...	1,359 7 5	
Survey Department ... ..	...	858 15 10	
Unappropriated	50 14 7	...	
General Imprest Account	369 8 0	...	
	420 2 7		2,218 3 3
Total Expenditure ... ..	...	...	253,558 15 4
Balance on 27 September, 1873,—			
Advances to be accounted for (as above) ... ..	...	420 2 7	
Less Credit Balance Public Account... ..	...	295 15 0	
			124 7 7
Total Land Fund ... ..	...	...	£253,683 2 11
Trust Fund:—	Advances.		
Armed Constabulary Reward Fund Account ... ..	...	21 6 8	
Government Annuities " ... ..	...	2,950 0 0	
Intestate Estates Fund "	0 0 1	970 2 1	
" Expenses "	20 0 0	69 16 11	
Investment " ... ..	...	5,000 0 0	
Interest " ... ..	...	507 13 6	
Land Assurance Fund " ... ..	...	18 6 6	
Lunatics Estates " ... ..	...	3 17 0	
Native Reserves "	1,052 5 0	1,889 17 4	
Post Office Money Order " ... ..	...	6,500 0 0	
Post Office Savings Bank " ... ..	...	68 7 11	
	1,072 5 1		
Total Expenditure ... ..	...	...	17,999 7 11
Balance on 27 September, 1873,—			
Cash in the Public Account,—			
New Zealand	147,049 15 8		
London	6,000 0 0		
		153,049 15	
Advances to be accounted for (as above) ... ..	...	1,072 5 1	
			154,122 0 9
Total Trust Fund ... ..	...	...	£172,121 8 8

Treasury, 7th October, 1873.

JAMES C. GAVIN,
Accountant to the Treasury.

STATEMENT showing in detail the REVENUE of the COLONY, and the Province in which or in respect of which it was collected, during the QUARTER ended 27 SEPTEMBER, 1873.

CONSOLIDATED FUND.	GENERAL.		AUCKLAND.		TARANAKI.		WELLINGTON.		HAWKE'S BAY.		NELSON.		MARLBORO'.		CANTERBURY.		WESTLAND.		OTAGO.		TOTALS.					
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.		
CUSTOMS:—																										
Duties			55,444	12 8	1,329	5 5	26,867	2 10	6,192	14 9	19,557	13 11	1,660	12 10	28,507	18 11	13,158	12 1	69,599	6 7	222,318	0 0				
Rents, Seizures, &c.			10	10 8	5	1 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	15 2	...	...	...	...	8	15 0	33	2 2				
Bonded Warehouse Duties... ..			12	17 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	17 6				
Fees:—																										
“Merchant Shipping Act, 1854”			87	5 9	...	...	21	12 0	0	12 6	3	5 3	0	4 6	31	19 4	1	14 9	31	18 6	178	12 7				
“Arms Act, 1860”			176	0 0	14	9 0	41	12 0	9	2 0	33	15 0	9	4 0	27	18 0	28	8 0	65	8 0	405	16 0				
“Marine Act, 1866”			352	8 9	7	2 7	294	9 6	11	12 8	158	7 9	24	0 8	312	4 4	17	15 3	481	19 2	1,660	0 8				
“Steam Navigation Act, 1866”			24	3 0	...	...	17	17 0	...	...	27	6 0	3	3 0	...	...	12	12 0	31	10 0	116	11 0				
“Distillation Act, 1868”			5	0 0	...	...	2	0 0	...	...	8	0 0	...	...	9	0 0	...	...	4	0 0	28	0 0				
“Oyster Fisheries Act, 1866”	0	2 6	0	2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	5 0				
“Trade Marks Act, 1866”				
“Merchant Ships Officers Examination Act, 1870”			45	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	10 0	48	1 0				
“Drawbacks Act, 1872”			1	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	19 0				
“Customs Regulation Act, 1858”				
STAMP DUTIES			3,254	1 6	129	2 3	2,162	3 10	884	8 9	1,048	14 8	130	2 7	4,691	12 5	554	15 7	6,129	4 9	...	...	...	...	224,803	4 11
POSTAL			2,573	12 4	172	19 3	1,700	17 10	443	14 3	607	14 8	214	6 7	2,450	16 0	720	12 3	3,654	17 11	...	...	...	...	18,984	6 4
TELEGRAPHIC			1,950	8 8	162	0 0	1,951	16 2	517	10 7	952	14 5	220	2 7	1,888	15 0	657	11 6	2,723	6 10	...	...	...	...	12,539	11 1
JUDICIAL FEES AND FINES:—																										
Supreme Courts			259	19 6	1	12 0	171	11 8	59	15 0	98	1 0	12	11 0	219	13 0	17	6 0	266	8 0	1,106	17 2				
Sheriffs' Offices			8	4 0	...	...	13	8 8	10	7 0	9	12 0	...	...	2	1 0	...	...	2	1 0	45	13 8				
District Courts			124	11 6	31	3 3	...	...	...	...	94	13 0	...	...	37	17 3	145	11 6	96	4 0	530	0 6				
Resident Magistrates' Courts			825	15 2	47	11 6	498	6 6	114	8 0	609	12 4	86	4 9	953	9 0	569	18 9	1,178	6 1	4,883	12 1				
Petty Sessions Courts			86	9 0	...	...	2	19 0	11	4 6	...	...	2	7 8	25	14 11	...	...	22	10 6	151	5 7				
FEES:—																										
Registration of Land			119	2 5	40	9 6	265	14 0	100	16 0	112	9 0	49	18 0	674	3 0	63	5 4	771	5 3	2,197	2 6				
“Deeds			831	2 6	145	7 0	631	12 6	145	17 0	89	7 6	115	10 0	778	8 6	101	2 0	680	0 6	3,518	7 6				
“Births, Marriages, &c.			174	8 6	12	8 0	78	18 0	25	3 0	41	19 6	10	18 0	147	2 6	41	1 0	194	6 0	726	4 6				
“Medical Practitioners	2	0 0	1	0 0	...	...	...	...	1	0 0	4	0 0				
“Joint Stock Companies			27	2 0	0	5 0	18	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2 0	3	7 0	252	15 0	304	11 0				
On Issue of Crown Grants... ..			206	9 0	69	7 3	181	11 11	129	18 0	6	4 5	3	1 3	162	11 5	151	10 6	351	0 9	1,261	14 6				
“Land Claims Settlements Act, 1856,”			7	19 0	...	...	27	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	10 0				
“Native Circuit Courts Act, 1858”			10	5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	5 0				
“Aliens Act, 1860”	2	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0 0				
“Patents Act, 1860”			44	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	16 0				
“Lost Land Orders Act, 1861”	1	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0 0				
“Weights and Measures Act, 1868”			0	12 1	0	14 2	0	14 10	...	...	0	6 11	...	...	6	12 0	2	2 2	0	7 11	11	10 1				
FINES:—																										
“Coroners Act, 1867”	2	10 0	0	10 0	...	...	3	0 0				
INCIDENTAL RECEIPTS			782	10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			8,120	1 1
																					782	10 3				
			827	6 3	66,620	10 6	2,169	17 6	34,951	19 3	8,657	4 0	23,463	19 10	2,552	5 1	40,933	8 7	16,247	15 8	86,547	1 9	...	...	282,971	8 5
RECOVERIES:—																										
For Credit of Votes,—																										
Liabilities			2,209	5 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			3,367	10 3
Service of Year 1873-74			1,158	5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
From Provinces:—																										
On account of Balances,—																										
At Debit of Capitation Accounts	1,619	6 4	1,619	6 4				
			4,194	16 6	66,620	10 6	2,169	17 6	34,951	19 3	8,657	4 0	23,463	19 10	2,552	5 1	40,933	8 7	16,247	15 8	88,166	8 1	...	...	287,958	5 0

JAMES C. GAVIN,
Accountant to the Treasury.

Treasury, 7th October, 1873.

STATEMENT of ACCOUNT with the PROVINCES under "The Payments to Provinces Act, 1872," for the Quarter ended 27th SEPTEMBER, 1873.

	DEBITS.				CREDITS.					BALANCES ON 27 SEPTEMBER, 1873.	
	Balances on 30 June, 1873.	Interest and Sinking Fund.	Payments to Provinces.	Total.	Balances on 30 June, 1873.	Capitation Money.	Special Allowances.	Recoveries on account of Debit Balances.	Total.	Recoverable from Provinces.	Payable to Provinces in October.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
AUCKLAND ... ..	...	10,399 8 3	3,009 12 11	13,409 1 2	941 9 3	12,525 18 9	1,000 0 0	...	14,467 8 0	...	1,058 6 10
TARANAKI ... ..	...	490 0 0	381 17 3	871 17 3	72 7 3	891 15 0	62 10 0	...	1,026 12 3	...	154 15 0
WELLINGTON ... ..	...	4,736 0 1	297 16 11	5,033 17 0	274 3 1	5,074 17 6	187 10 0	...	5,536 10 7	...	502 13 7
HAWKE'S BAY	88 15 10	1,731 10 3	...	1,820 6 1	...	1,367 12 6	375 0 0	...	1,742 12 6	77 13 7	...
NELSON ... ..	...	1,144 6 6	3,189 3 8	4,333 10 2	1,000 13 10	4,427 1 3	...	...	5,427 15 1	...	1,094 4 11
MARLBOROUGH ... ..	...	118 3 6	902 16 11	1,021 0 5	288 12 7	1,039 10 0	...	...	1,328 2 7	...	307 2 2
CANTERBURY	138 15 7	13,670 13 5	...	13,809 9 0	...	9,658 2 6	...	...	9,658 2 6	4,151 6 6	...
WESTLAND ... ..	...	4,478 1 3	419 11 8	4,897 12 11	193 13 10	2,845 10 0	474 5 0	...	3,513 8 10	1,384 4 1	...
OTAGO	994 11 5	16,210 16 0	...	17,205 7 5	...	14,561 8 9	...	1,619 6 4	16,180 15 1	1,024 12 4	...
	1,222 2 10	52,978 19 3	8,200 19 4	62,402 1 5	2,770 19 10	52,391 16 3	2,099 5 0	1,619 6 4	58,881 7 5	6,637 16 6	3,117 2 6

Treasury, 7th October, 1873.

JAMES C. GAVIN,
Accountant to the Treasury.

STATEMENT of the Liabilities and Assets of "The Turner Gold Mining Company, Registered," for the half-year ended 30th September, 1873.

<i>Dr.</i>		LIABILITIES.		£ s. d.	
Sept. 30.	To sundry accounts due by Company—				
	Wages, say	85	10	11	
	To excess of assets over liabilities	1,827	13	2	
		£1,913		4	1
<i>Cr.</i>		ASSETS.		£ s. d.	
Sept. 30.	By amount expended on plant and				
	mine, as per balance sheet	1,901	3	10	
	By cash at Bankers	12	0	3	
		£1,913		4	1

I, William Welford, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the above statement is to the best of my belief and knowledge true in every particular; and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Justices of the Peace Act, 1866."

WILLIAM WELFORD,
Legal Manager.

Declared before me, at Picton, this 2nd day of October, 1873—JOHN ALLEN, R.M. 606

STATEMENT of the Affairs of "The Lucknow Quartz Mining Company, Registered," to 30th

June, 1873, in accordance with section 135 of "The Mining Companies Act, 1872."

Name of Company: "The Lucknow Quartz Mining Company, Registered."
 When formed, and date of registration: October, 1872; 31st October, 1872.
 Where business is conducted, and name of Legal Manager: Bendigo Gully, near Cromwell; Thomas Black.
 Nominal capital: £7,800.
 Amount of paid-up scrip given to shareholders: £1,300.
 Number of shares in which capital is divided: 2,600.
 Amount of calls made: £325.
 Total amount of subscribed capital paid up: £1,300.
 Amount of cash in hand: Nil.
 Whether in operation or not: In operation.
 Total amount of dividends declared: Nil.
 Number of shares unallotted: Nil.
 31st July, 1873. THOMAS BLACK,
Legal Manager.
 513

TURNER GOLD MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

In accordance with Clause 18 of "The Mining Companies Act, 1873," Notice is hereby given, that William Clark has been duly appointed Legal Manager of the aboved-name Company, *vice* William Welford, resigned; and that the Registered Office of the Company is the office of William Clark, Wellington Street, Picton.

Picton, 29th September, 1873.

F. GALLOWAY, } Directors.
 W.M. WELFORD, }
 WILLIAM CLARK, Manager.

605

By Authority: GEORGE DIDSBUKY, Government Printer, Wellington.